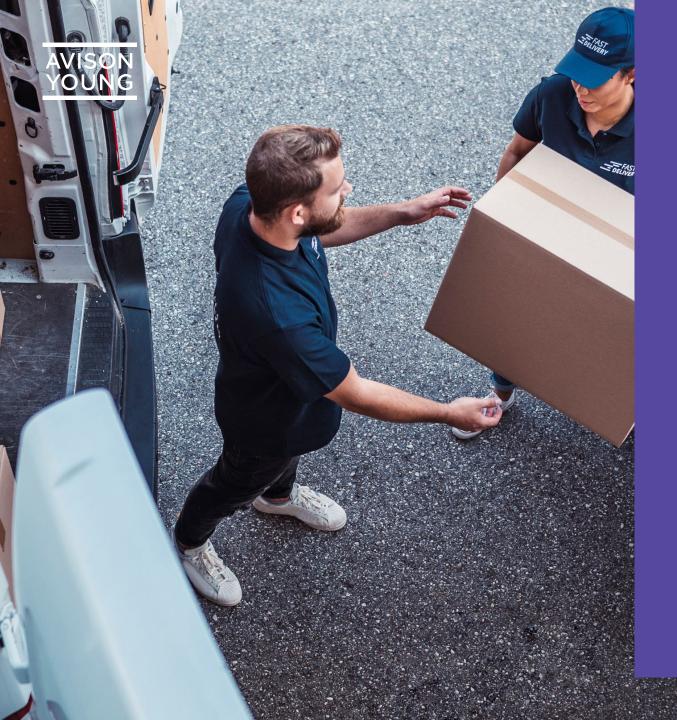


Midwest industrial insight report

Q3 2021





U.S. and Midwest industrial drivers

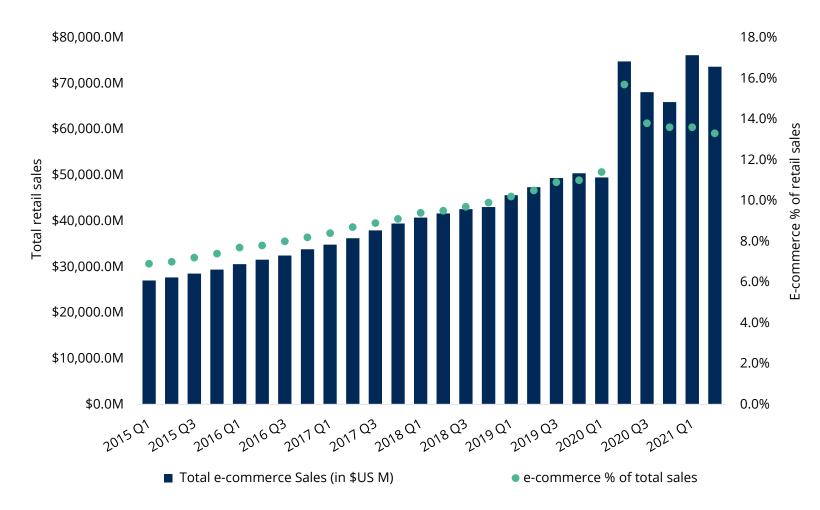
MIDWEST INDUSTRIAL INSIGHT REPORT
Q3 2021

U.S. total retail and e-commerce sales

13.3%

E-commerce share of overall retail sales in Q2 2021

Demand for e-commerce surged during the initial shock of lockdowns, driving industrial demand to record levels. As the economy begins to reopen, the rate of e-commerce growth is nearly double pre-COVID levels, suggesting accelerated e-commerce demand is sustainable.



Source: Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis *Most recent update August 17, 2021



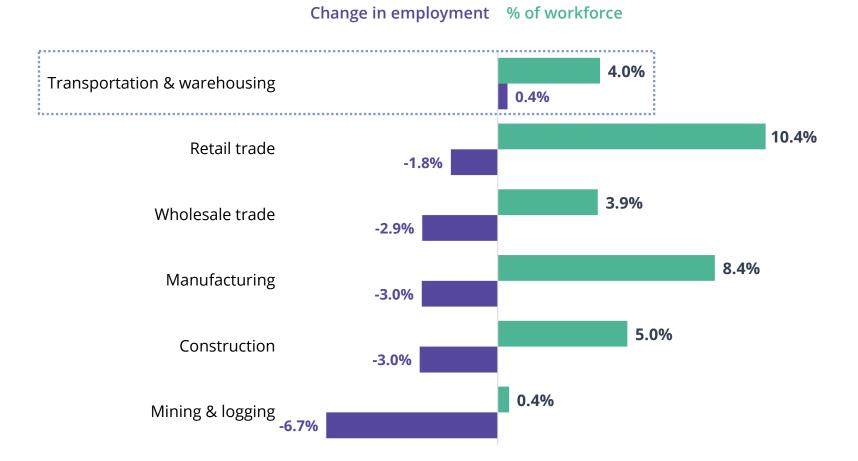


Industrial sector job gains and losses

+0.4%

Change in transportation and warehousing employment, February 2020 to July 2021

The transportation and warehousing employment sector has been resilient throughout the pandemic. Manufacturing, construction and wholesale trade comprise similar proportions of total U.S. employment but have contracted since February 2020.



Note: Seasonally adjusted data. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



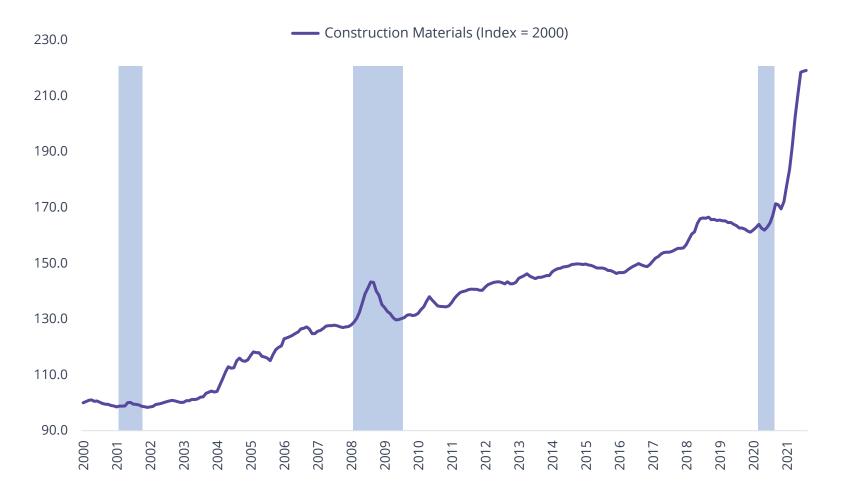


Cost of construction materials

+35.3%

Construction Material Index cost from year-end 2020 to August 2021

Construction material costs have surged to start 2021, applying upward pressure on industrial pro forma rents. However, recent activity in August and September suggest that pricing is poised to moderate to 2020 levels in the coming months.



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



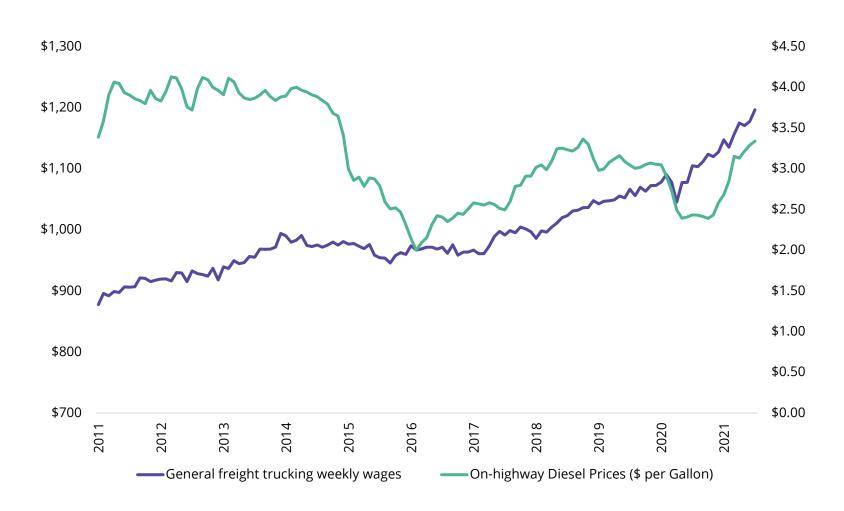


Fuel costs and freight trucking driver wages

+39.8%

Diesel prices since May 2020

Rising diesel fuel prices and wage rates, for short- and long-haul trucking, are exacerbating pressures on shipping costs for companies that may have also faced international supply chain disruptions.



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Energy Information Administration, AVANT by Avison Young



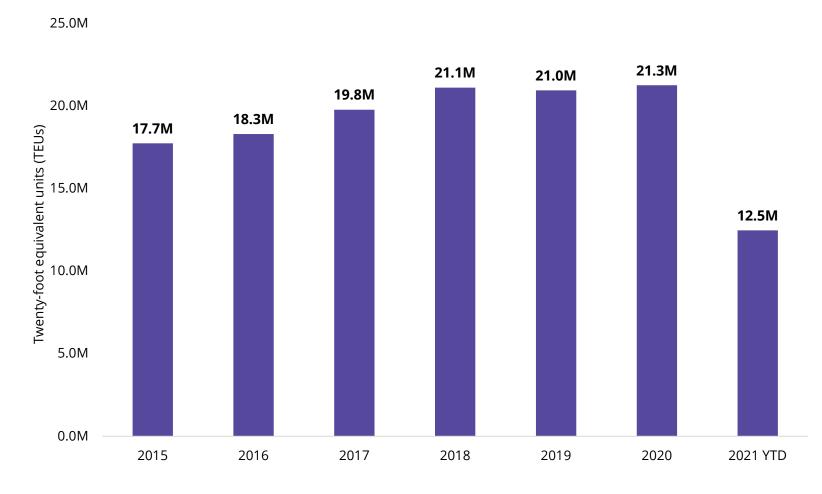


Loaded import container volumes

+24.0%

Change in cargo volumes, H1 2020 vs. H1 2021

Through June, loaded imports at major U.S. seaports are up significantly over the same period last year. While activity in 2020 was impacted by the pandemic, freight flows this year have been marred by supply chain disruptions at ports.



Note: Includes Los Angeles, Long Beach, New York / New Jersey, Savannah, Virginia, Houston, Charleston, Oakland, Seattle / Tacoma, Miami, Baltimore, Jacksonville ports.

Source: individual port authority websites





Indianapolis market fundamentals

MIDWEST INDUSTRIAL INSIGHT REPORT

Q3 2021

Key industrial takeaways



Economic conditions

- Essential workers, a logistics hub and a sharp but entrenched rise in ecommerce spending have helped bring Indianapolis unemployment figures down to 3.7 percent. Other supply chain shocks throughout 2021 have done little to impede growth in leasing fundamentals, especially for Class A space.
- Local employment in Manufacturing rose by 5,500 jobs since July 2020 as of August. Additional industrial job gains have remained steady this year, with the transportation, warehousing & utilities sector up 2.8% since July 2020.



Inflation rate

Midwestern consumer prices have been increasing sharply as the regional economy fully reopened. Midwestern food prices spiked by 5.2% in year-over-year in September, and CPI less food & energy increased by 4.0%.



Industrial demand

- Overall leasing activity has been robust throughout the pandemic, currently sitting at +144.1 percent of the longterm annual average of the last 20 years of historical data.
- At 12.0M sf through the first three quarters, aggregate 2021 net absorption could outpace the historic totals set over the past two years.



Key industrial takeaways



Industrial supply

- As national, regional and local logistics and e-commerce businesses continue to expand throughout the market, developers are working to meet demand. Through the third quarter, there were 32 properties larger than 40,000 sf totaling 17.9M sf under construction in the market.
- The Q3 2021 total vacancy rate of 5.2% for Indianapolis is approaching historic record lows, falling by 245 basispoints from the high in 2009.



Pricing trends

- Base rents have increased by 22.4
 percent since 2015 and have continued a steady upward trajectory.
- After softening just prior to the pandemic, market rents continue their upward trend, clocking in at \$4.37/psf at the end of the third quarter.



Capital markets

- Indianapolis Industrial investment activity surges to \$1.3B year-todate as investors are attracted to the sector fundamentals largely benefited from the COVID environment.
- 2021 is **outpacing** the five-year average through the first three quarters of sales transaction activity by 65.5%.
- It also translated into higher valuations for Indianapolis industrial assets, with a 74.8 percent higher per-squarefoot rate than the trailing five-year average, to \$77/psf through the first three quarters of 2021.



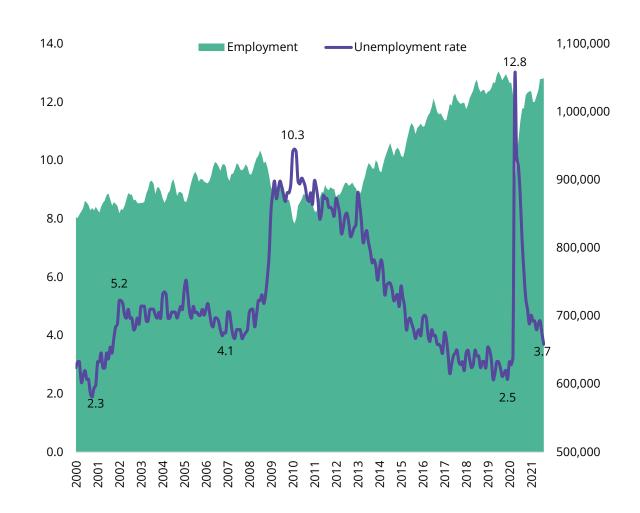


Employment and unemployment rate

3.7%

Indianapolis unemployment rate as of August 2021, dipping below 4.0% for first time since COVID

Historically tightened labor market conditions were temporarily paused by the pandemic with 163,409 job losses between February and April 2020. However, Indianapolis' employment has since surged, and now has nearly 7,000 more employed than just prior to the pandemic.



Note: Not seasonally adjusted data. Metropolitan statistical area. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics





Industrial job gains and losses

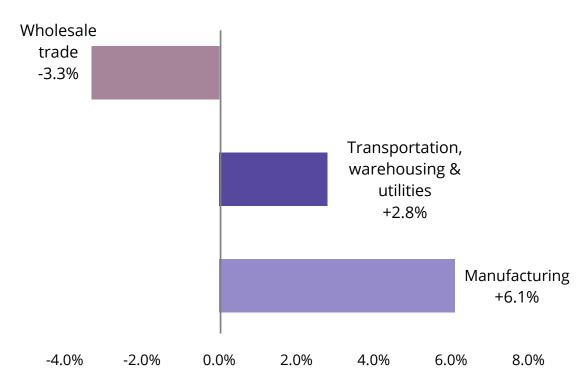
+3.9%

Change in industrial employment from July 2020 to August 2021

The Indianapolis metro area has experienced job additions totaling 3.9% in the last year, especially in the critical areas of manufacturing, and transportation and logistics. These job gains have remained steady in 2021, with the Manufacturing sector up 6.1% through the third quarter.

Total change in Indianapolis MSA* job gains/(losses)

July 2020 to August 2021



Note: Not seasonally adjusted data. Metropolitan statistical area. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



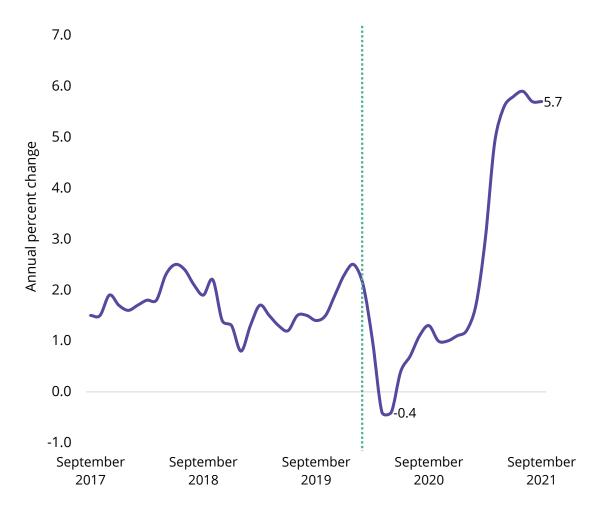


Inflation rates

+4.8%

Year-over-year change in Consumer Price Index for the Midwest, all items

Midwestern consumer prices have been increasing sharply as the regional economy fully reopened. Despite stabilizing this summer, lingering supply chain disruptions and severe weather have impacted many sectors and could keep inflation at higher-thannormal levels. Midwest food prices spiked by 5.2% in year-over-year in September, and CPI less food & energy increased by 4.0%.



Note: Not seasonally adjusted data. Indiana is not part of CPI; Midwest area used for analysis.

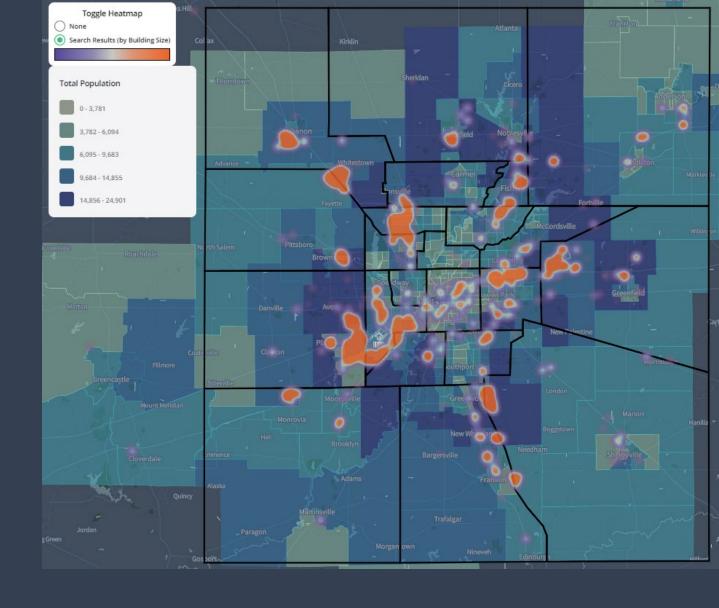
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics





Indianapolis Industrial Inventory Heatmap

Source: AVANT by Avison Young, ESRI





Indianapolis Industrial



P	Submarket		Total Inventory	Total Construction	
	1 Lebanon		20.9M sf	1.1M sf	
	2	Noblesville	2.6M sf	160.0K sf	
	3 Pendleton		4.2M sf	0.0M sf	
	4	Brownsburg	13.3M sf	235.9K sf	
	5	Carmel	2.0M sf	0.0M sf	
	6	Fishers	3.8M sf	0.0M sf	
	7	Park 100	17.3M sf	148.6K sf	
	8	Castleton	3.2M sf	0.0M sf	
	9	Lawrence	2.1M sf	0.0M sf	
	10	Hancock	10.7M sf	6.0M sf	
	11	Guion	3.6M sf	0.0M sf	

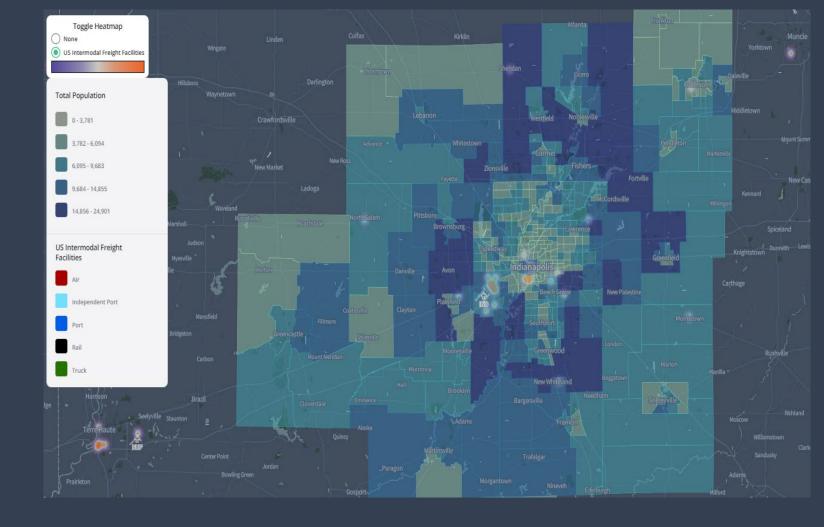
	Submarket	Total Inventory	Total Construction
12	MIL	44.1K sf	0.0M sf
13	Plainfield	45.7M sf	2.4M sf
14	Airport	19.0M sf	0.0M sf
15	Speedway	579.1K sf	0.0M sf
16	Downtown	7.1M sf	0.0M sf
17	East	14.2M sf	0.0M sf
18	SR 37	3.3M sf	127.6K sf
19	Franklin Township	2.5M sf	0.0M sf
20	Morgan	5.5M sf	2.1M sf
21	Greenwood	8.9M sf	577.2K sf
22	Shelby	13.2M sf	3.8M sf





Freight rail & intermodal facilities

Source: AVANT by Avison Young, ESRI Intermodal facilities are clustered around seaport submarkets and major throughout corridors, with Class I rail lines providing connectivity throughout the country







Industrial leasing activity

+144.1%

2020-pro-rated 2021 vs. prior 20-year annual average leasing activity

Leasing has not let up during the pandemic and is projected to be near the historic high set in Indianapolis in 2020.



Source: CoStar



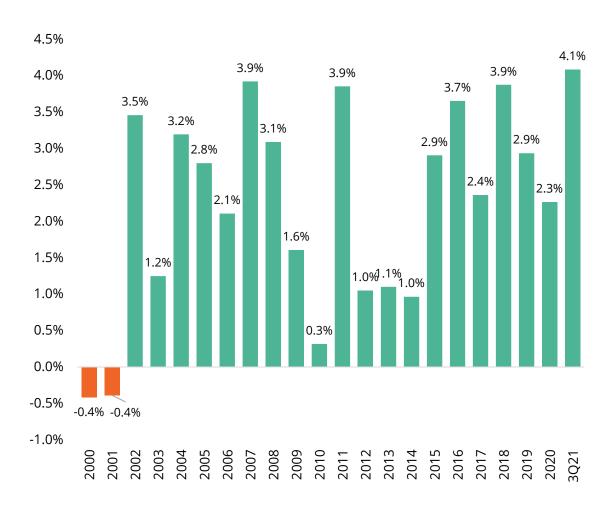


Industrial net absorption

6.4%

Net absorption as a percentage of inventory, 2020 through Q3 2021

Absorption through the third quarter remains extremely healthy and far higher than the historic average. The market is healthily digesting new development as demand continues to gravitate to high-quality new development. At 12.0 million of through the first three quarters, aggregate 2021 net absorption could set a new record for the market by year-end.



Note: Absorption is measured as the year-over-year change in occupied square feet.
Source: CoStar



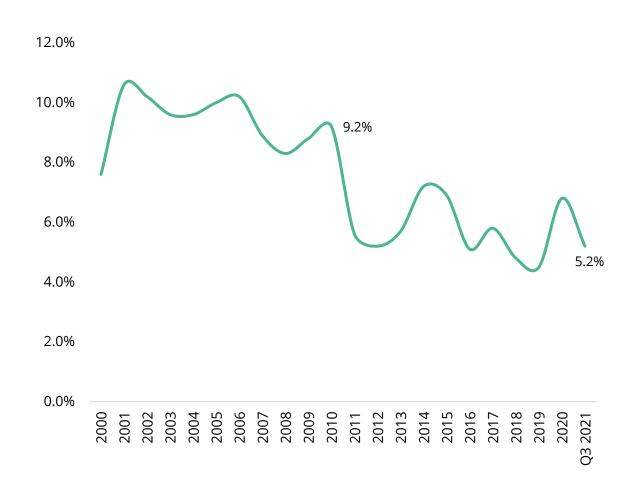


Industrial vacancy rate

5.2%

Downward trending vacancy in Q3 2021

The Q3 2021 total vacancy rate is approaching prepandemic record lows, falling by 245 basis-points from the high in 2009. Average asking rents have increased 24.9% over that same time period, underscoring how industrial demand has outstripped supply in Indianapolis.



Source: CoStar

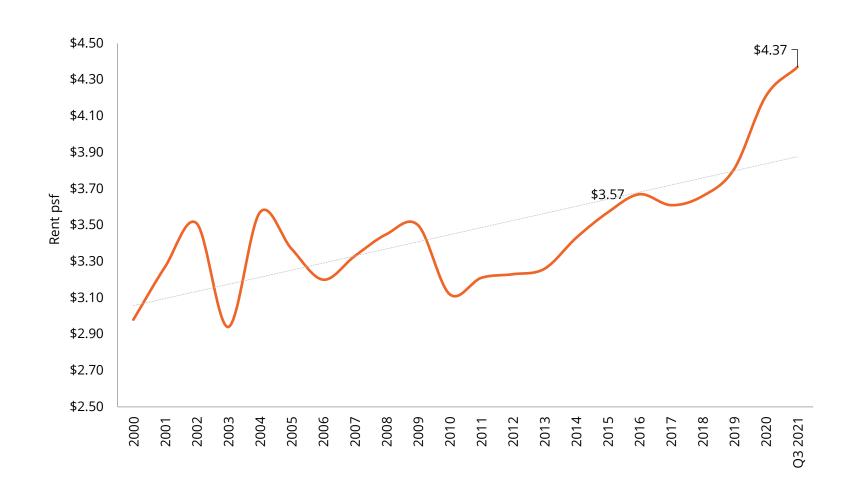


Base rents

+22.4%

Indianapolis industrial base rents since 2015

Base rents initially softened slightly in the beginning of COVID but are surging past pre-pandemic pricing. The overall trend upward since 2015 has increased by 22.4% over the last six years.



Source: AVANT by Avison Young





Industrial development pipeline

86 properties

Proposed, under construction or under renovation

30.1M sf

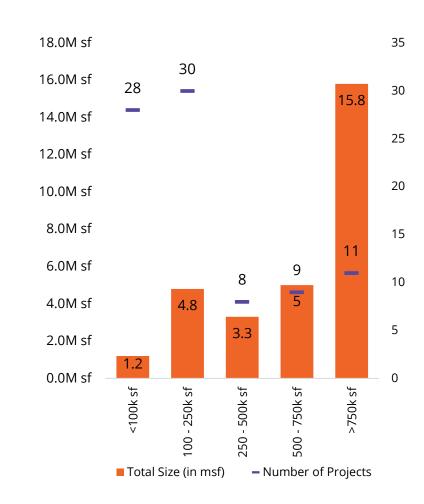
proposed or under construction

14.7%

share of industrial inventory

Hancock

Submarket with most ground-broken projects at 9





Source: AVANT by Avison Young



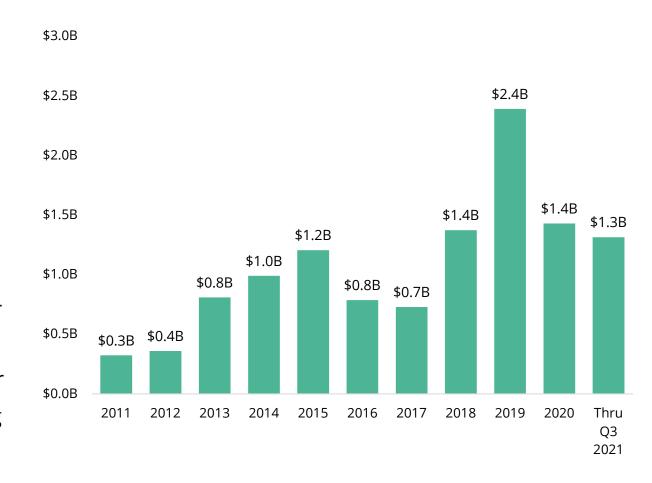


Investment dollar volume

\$1.3B

Industrial dollar volume, year-to-date 2021

Indianapolis industrial sales volumes through Q3 2021 have the warehouse & logistics sector outpacing the five-year average through the first three quarters of activity by 65.5%. Over that same time period, the fourth quarter accounts for 38.6% of total annual volumes, and a strong finish to the year is expect to boost volumes further.



Source: AVANT by Avison Young RCA



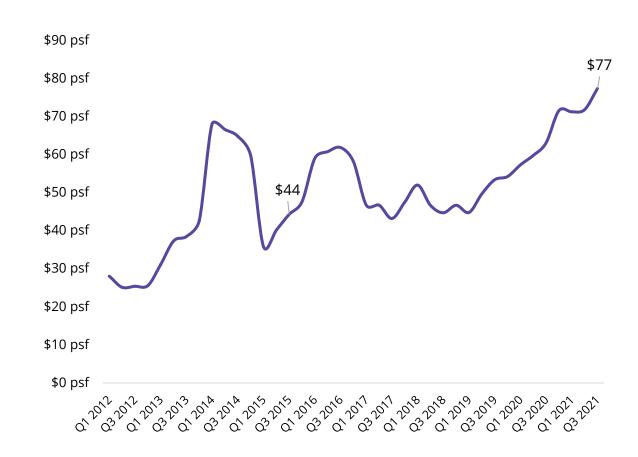


Industrial asset pricing

+74.8%

Indianapolis industrial pricing, Q3 2015 to Q3 2021

Pricing for Indianapolis industrial assets has continued to accelerate since 2015, and particularly since the pandemic, as an influx of investors seek exposure to properties that can accommodate the rise of e-commerce distribution.



Source: AVANT by Avison Young RCA (4-Quarter Moving Avg.)





Indianapolis 2021 Key Leasing & Speculative Projects

Top Leases

	Tenant	Address	Location	Lease size	Lease Type
1	Stryker Corporation	Westpoint Boulevard	Clayton	646,000	New
2	Confidential Group	4857 N. Ronald Reagan	Brownsburg	513,586	New
3	Life Sciences Logistics	2128 Gateway Point	Monrovia	443,077	New
4	XPO Logistics	5490 Industrial Court	Whitestown	364,000	Renewal
5	ThyssenKrupp	1110 Smith Road	Plainfield	328,403	New
6	Langham Logistics	5355 W. 74 th Street	Park 100	306,000	Renewal
7	Langham Logistics	4995 Perry Worth Road	Whitestown	187,000	New
8	South Atlantic Packaging	Pendleton Pike/I-465	Indianapolis	127,609	New

Speculative Projects

	Developer	Address	Location	Total Size (in s.f.)	Est. Delivery
1	Stonemont Financial	Lebanon Business Park	Lebanon	615,600	Nov 2021
2	CT Realty	I-70 Logistics Park	Greenfield	805,000	Jan 2022
3	Ambrose Property Group	Plainfield Logistics Park	Plainfield	474,000	Jan 2022
4	Jones Development	Whiteland Exchange Bldg 5	Whiteland	979,000	Feb 2022
5	GDI Construction	Franklin Business Park	Franklin	954,370	Mar 2022







Get in touch



Sean McHale, SIOR

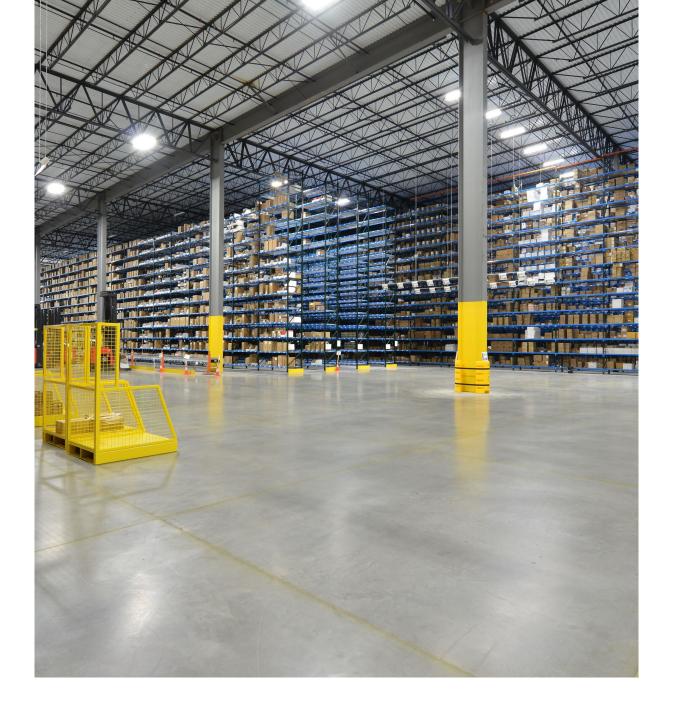
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Let's talk

